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Geographical Study of Migration in Aurangabad Distric

Dr. Shahista Yakub Shaikh

Assistant Professor, Department of Geography Chistiya Arts, Science & Commerce Collage, Khuldabad Tq- Khuldabad, Dist-Aurangabad-431101 (Maharashtra)

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Abstract:

In India, rural-urban migration has been found to be diffident in the context of urban poverty, urban slums, and informal sector employment countless deal has been talked about in reference to rural-urban population flexibility. In modern India, estimates based on industry sectors mainly employing migrants suggest that there are about 100 million circular migrants in India. Migration can be well-defined as the movement of individuals or groups of people from one place to another place who have the intention of residing in the new place for a significant period of time. Migration is the third element of population change; the other two are fertility and mortality. The nature of migration as an element of population change is different from fertility and mortality. Total Migrant people were 1790219 in Aurangabad district 703630 male migrants and 1086589 female migrants in Aurangabad district till 2011. Caste, social networks, and historical precedents play a dominant role in modeling patterns of migration in India. So in the present research paper, the major objective is to analyse migration structure in Aurangabad District. Secondary data was used for this research paper. Such a type of study indicates the real situation of the population in the Aurangabad district and helps research scholars, population scientists, and planners.

Keywords: Marriage migration, Education migration, Employment migration.

Objective: To study migration in Aurangabad District.

Introduction:

Human migration means the people's movement from one region to another region with the key intention of settling, permanently or temporarily in a new region or place. (Gyanaranjan Sahoo, 2022)The migration movement is frequently

over long distances and from one nation to another nation. Internal migration is the leading people may travel from their native place individually, in family units, or in groups. Migration is one of the basic factors affecting on population change of an area, the other two aspects being fertility and mortality. Conceptually migration can be well-

defined as the movement of individuals or groups of people from one place to another place who have the intention of residing in the new place for a significant period of time. Migration is a very complex process. Migration study has a significant place in demographics.

Study Area:

Aurangabad is an important district in Maharashtra State is located in the central part of the Maharashtra state and itbetween 190 18' North to 200 40' North Latitudes and 740 40' East to 76° 40' East Longitudes. The total Geographical area of the district is 10,137.61 sq. km and it is 3.28% of the state of Maharashtra. Among the total area, 309.35 sq. km is urban, and 9828.26 sq. km is rural area. to the 2011 According census 3701282 total population, 1924469 males and 1776813 females Aurangabad District. Aurangabad district included nine tehsils, like Aurangabad, Khuldabad, Soygaon, Sillod, Kannad, Gangapur, Vaijapur Paithan, and Phulambri. The town of Aurangabad has been the capital town. Aurangabad town also has experienced a high rate of inmigration from rural areas to urban.

Methodology:

The present study generally depends on the secondary data. Collected through the District

Statistical Department of district. Census Aurangabad handbook of Aurangabad District, and socio-economic abstract of the District. The collected data are analyzed by cartographic and statistical techniques.

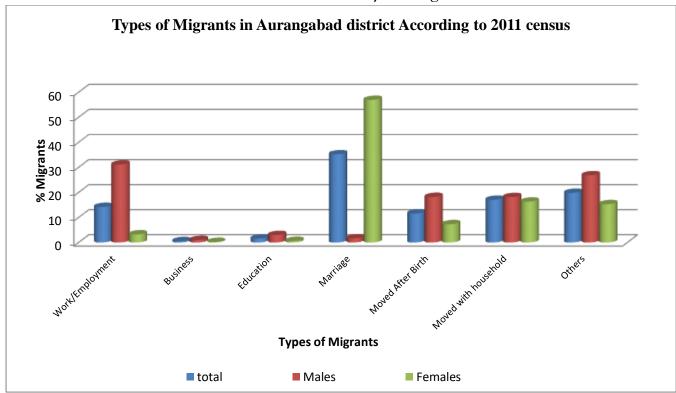
Types of migration in Aurangabad district:

The term Types of migration is regularly used in studies migration and it includes all kinds of regional movements both permanent and temporary. Without analyzing the Types of migration and the interplay of economic, demographic, and social factors, the phenomena of migration cannot be understood. In Aurangabad district main Classifications ofmigration are Employment, Business, Education, Marriage, moved after birth, and moved with household. Migration is a route that carries about main structural change and in some cases rigorous displacement in the economics of both developed and Migration developing countries. study verifies its scope for investigation of families shift from one region to another region, as well study population entire movements across national and within nation boundaries. Man's mobility has erratically increased with technical economic and progress.

Types of Migrants people in Aurangabad district According to 2011 census

Aurangabad District	Persons	%	Males	%	Females	%
Work/Employment	254284	14.20	219076	31.14	35208	3.24
Business	9678	0.54	7186	1.02	2492	0.23
Education	27955	1.56	21141	3.00	6814	0.63
Marriage	630433	35.22	11608	1.65	618825	56.95
Moved After Birth	207289	11.58	127975	18.19	79314	7.30
Moved with household	305386	17.06	127752	18.16	177634	16.35
Others	355194	19.84	188892	26.85	166302	15.30
Total Migrants	1790219	100	703630	100	1086589	100

Source: Census handbook of Aurangabad District 2011.



The total number of migrants in Aurangabad district was recorded as 1790219 migrant people 703630 male migrants and 1086589 female migrants in Aurangabad district. Total migrant workers in Aurangabad district recorded 254284 migrants' workers 14.20% of total

219076 male workers migrants. migrants 31.14% total male migrants and 35208 female workers migrants and 3.24% total female migrants. Total migrants Businessman Aurangabad district recorded 9678 migrants' Businessman people 0.54% of total migrants. 7186 male Businessman migrants and 1.02% total male migrants Businessman female and 2492 Businessman migrants and 0.23% total female migrants. Total migrants Students in Aurangabad district recorded 27955 migrants Students 1.56% of total migrants. 21141 male Student migrants and 3% total male migrants Students 6814 female Student migrants and 0.73% total female migrants. Total migrants after in Aurangabad marriage district recorded 630433 migrants' after marriage 35.22% of total migrants. 11608 male after-marriage migrants 1.65% total male migrants after marriage 618825 female aftermarriage migrants and 56.95% total female migrants. Total migrants after birth in Aurangabad district recorded 207289 migrants' after birth 11.58% of total migrants. 127975 male after-birth migrants 18.19% of total male migrants after birth 79314 female after-birth migrants and 7.30% of total female migrants. Total migrants Moved households in Aurangabad district recorded 305386 migrants' Moved with household 17.06% of total migrants. 127752 males Moved with household migrants and 18.16% of total male migrants Moved with household 177634 females Moved with household migrants and 16.35% total female migrants. Total other migrants in Aurangabad district recorded 355194 migrants others 19.84% of total migrants. 188892

male other migrants and 26.85% total male migrants others and 166302 female others migrants and 15.30% total female migrants.

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