



Challenges of Infrastructure and Development in Sports

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DOI - 10.5281/zenodo.10872501

Abstract:

Sports infrastructure plays a vital role in accomplishing excellence in the worldwide field of sports. It not simply aids in producing sports persons of universal notoriety, yet in addition empowers the youthful populace of a nation to take an interest in sporting activities with the objective of creating a culturing of sports. In India, the standard of sports infrastructure isn't at a tasteful dimension for various reasons. The absence of infrastructural offices is one of the significant requirements during the process of improvement of games & sports in India. There are several issues and challenges in the sports infrastructure segment to be fixed. The objective of this paper is to examine the current situation of sports infrastructure of the country and propose a possible conceivable guide for its improvement.

Keywords: *Accomplishing, Universal, Dimension, Significant, Conceivable Etc.*

Introduction:

India has a rich history of sports and boasts some of the world's greatest athletes. To produce such athletes a good sports infrastructure is very important. Sports infrastructure in India has come a long way in recent years. The country has a rich sporting culture, and over the years, there have been many initiatives taken by the government and private sector to develop the sports infrastructure. However, there are still challenges that need to be overcome to make sports accessible to all and promote the development of young sporting talent in the country. India houses approximately 100 sports facilities fulfilling international

standards of sports infrastructure. In addition, there are government-owned college and university grounds, community centers, sporting facilities and grounds owned by urban local bodies, grounds owned by Resident Welfare Associations, and facilities owned by private entities.

In recent years, the private sector has also been investing in sports infrastructure in the country. Many private organizations are setting up sports academies and centers to promote sports at the grassroots level. This has not only helped in creating a sports culture but has also generated significant revenue for the industry. Despite these initiatives, the sports infrastructure in India still faces

many challenges. One of the most significant challenges is the lack of maintenance of the existing infrastructure. Many sports facilities are poorly maintained, which makes them unsafe for athletes and visitors. This can discourage people from using these facilities and can impact the development of sports in the country.

Objectives of the Study:

1. To study the present scenario of sports infrastructure in India.
2. To study the challenges of sports infrastructure in India.
3. To study the development of sports in India.

Methodology of the Study:

The present study has been descriptive; the data for this study were obtained from secondary sources. The secondary data has been collected from various references which already existed in published form; part of the paper is based on literature review the method comprising of collecting all the available papers relating to the theme and selecting relevant papers/books for the review purpose.

Present Scenario of sports infrastructure in India:

As of late, it has been recognized that the development and renovation of sports infrastructure can invigorate monetary advancement, regardless of whether it includes enormous offices or little. In this manner, the improvement of such infrastructure assumes a critical job

in urban arranging. At present, India houses around 100 sports offices satisfying global guidelines of sports infrastructure. What's more, there are government-possessed school and college grounds, public venues, wearing offices and grounds claimed by urban nearby bodies, grounds claimed by Resident Welfare Associations, and offices claimed by private substances. These offices are to a great extent dismissed and disregarded as far as use and support. Additionally, a larger part of the Indian sports infrastructure offices are principally utilized for facilitating worldwide, national, state-, and area level games and rivalries as it were. Therefore, the inhabitancy paces of the offices stay low and they are monetarily subject to the administrative experts for tasks and support. This additionally adverse affects sports devotees, who could have utilized such offices. As of late, India saw enormous development of establishment based donning classes, with 10 associations existing in the nation. Government activities like Khelo India have motivated numerous potential people to take up sports. To continue this development energy in sports, there is a need to expand the quantity of brandishing offices with world class infrastructure, which will empower the administration to accomplish its vision of 50 Olympic gold awards soon.³ As an initial step, distinguishing proof and solidification of data on existing wearing offices should be attempted to help redesign and renovation. These offices would then be able to be

elevated to guarantee better use of offices and wearing and preparing infrastructure by potential sportspersons.

Challenges of Infrastructure in Sports:

Sports have an important role to play in moulding and shaping communities to the highest levels of nation building by channelizing and harnessing energy of the youth. The Indian sports industry has expanded rapidly over the years and exhibits a thriving potential in the future for all stakeholders of the sports ecosystem. Being the cornerstone of sports, infrastructure is of paramount importance for the overall growth of the sports industry. The right kind of impetus to sports can manifest sports as a stimulus for economic development in a developing country like India where the scope of harvesting the demographic dividend is very high. The creation of sports infrastructure positively affects a nation in a multitude of ways. Hosting sports events drives up capital investments, and can also aid national income through tourism. Taking India as an example, the introduction of the Indian Premier League for cricket has been a massive success both culturally and economically, and has led to the creation of similar leagues for other sports like badminton, football and Kabaddi.

Another big issue with Indian sports is the lack of a hierarchy of sports from the local level to the national level. There is no suitable system in place to develop talent at the school, block, and district levels before elevating the best athletes to the state and federal levels. As a

result, many talented athletes lose their way and are unable to compete at the highest levels of their respective sports. Additionally, the lack of grassroots sports infrastructure makes matters worse. Sports associations should be set up at the block and district levels as a remedy, and they will be responsible for supervising the local sports academies. These associations should have qualified staff to administrate sporting facilities at academies as well as other demands of athletes such as correct nutritional plans, anti-doping awareness campaigns, fair and timely selection trials, conditioning camps, foreign exposure, and so on. These academies should serve as a breeding ground for future champions. A good infrastructure should consist of all the things a sportsperson needs to hone their abilities, such as accredited academies, good fields and stadiums, appropriate health and dietary knowledge, the best coach facilities, etc. to develop the top players in the nation, all of these fundamental facilities are necessary. Towns and villages lack adequate facilities, and those with sufficient financial means can travel to large metropolitan areas, which do have some infrastructure but are also inefficiently run due to internal politics.

One of the most significant challenges is the lack of maintenance of the existing infrastructure. Many sports facilities are poorly maintained, which makes them unsafe for athletes and visitors. This can discourage people from using these facilities and can impact the development of sports in the

country. Another challenge is the lack of adequate facilities for different sports. While cricket is the most popular sport in India, there is a need for better facilities for other sports such as football, hockey, and athletics. This will enable athletes to train and compete at the highest level and promote the development of sporting talent in the country.

Development in Sports:

Sports have an important role to play in moulding and shaping communities to the highest levels of nation building by channelizing and harnessing energy of the youth. The Indian sports industry has expanded rapidly over the years and exhibits a thriving potential in the future for all stakeholders of the sports ecosystem. Being the cornerstone of sports, infrastructure is of paramount importance for the overall growth of the sports industry. The right kind of impetus to sports can manifest sports as a stimulus for economic development in a developing country like India where the scope of harvesting the demographic dividend is very high. The creation of sports infrastructure positively affects a nation in a multitude of ways. Hosting sports events drives up capital investments, and can also aid national income through tourism. Taking India as an example, the introduction of the Indian Premier League for cricket has been a massive success both culturally and economically, and has led to the creation of similar leagues for other sports like badminton, football and Kabaddi.

The development of sports infrastructure in India has been significant in recent years, and many initiatives have been taken to promote sports at the grassroots level. However, there are still challenges that need to be overcome to make sports accessible to all and promote the development of young sporting talent. The government and private sector need to continue investing in sports infrastructure and ensure that the existing facilities are well maintained. This will create a sporting culture in the country that fosters the development of young talent and promotes the country's sporting image globally.

Conclusion:

India's transformation in sports infrastructure signifies a significant change in its sports landscape. The combined efforts of the government, private entities, and the growing interest among the people are driving the nation towards sporting excellence on the global stage. As India continues investing and expanding its sports infrastructure, a promising future awaits in achieving sporting greatness internationally.

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